Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1

Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)
Date of issue: 08/23/2019  Revision date: n/a  Printed: 08/23/2019  Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
   Product name: Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
   Product code: n/a

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the substance/mixture: Industrial use
   Construction coating
   Use advised against: None identified

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   HDIP Inc.
   20407 Christmas Rdg.
   Bend, OR 97702
   Tel: 800-910-3120

1.4. Emergency telephone number
   Emergency number: 800-910-3120
   Mon - Fri 8:30-4:30 (PST)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification
   SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
   EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
   SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

2.2. GHS label elements
   Hazard pictograms:
   ![Warning Symbol]

   Signal word: Warning
   Hazard statements:
   H315 Causes skin irritation.
   H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

General: Not applicable

2.3. Prevention:
Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response: IF ON SKIN : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Response: IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage : Not applicable.
Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification:
None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances/Mixture:
Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solid Epoxy Resin (Proprietary)</td>
<td></td>
<td>50-75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diacetone Alcohol</td>
<td>123-42-2</td>
<td>0-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol, 1-butoxy</td>
<td>5131-66-8</td>
<td>0-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.</td>
<td>68609-97-2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-Propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), ..alpha.-[2-propylheptyl]-.omega.-hydroxy-</td>
<td>160875-66-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

4.2. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

4.3. Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

4.4. Specific treatments:
No specific treatment.

4.5. Protection of first aid personnel:
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.6. See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

 Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the chemical: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

5.3. Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide.

5.4. Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in “For non-emergency personnel”.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13 of SDS). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.
7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name                                           | Exposure limits                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| Solid Epoxy Resin (Proprietary)                           | None.                                                                           |
| 2-Propanol, 1-butoxy                                      | None.                                                                           |
| Diacetone Alcohol                                          | ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TWA 238 mg/m3 50 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 240 mg/m3 50 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 240 mg/m3 50 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA - TLV and PEL 240 mg/m3 50 ppm |
| Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.             | None.                                                                           |
| 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol                                      | ACGIH TLV (2013-06-14) TWA 184 mg/m3 50 ppm STEL 369 mg/m3 100 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 360 mg/m3 100 ppm STEL 540 mg/m3 150 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA - TLV and PEL 360 mg/m3 100 ppm STEL 540 mg/m3 150 ppm |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(2-propylheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy- | None.                                                                           |
| 2-Propanol, 1-butoxy                                      | None.                                                                           |
8.2. Exposure controls

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>Liquid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Mild</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>7.0-9.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>43.4 °C (110.1 °F) (ASTM D 93) Product does not sustain combustion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning time</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: Not available Upper: Not available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1.0725 @ 25 °C (77 °F)

Solubility : No data available

Solubility in water : Miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

SADT : No data available

Viscosity: Dynamic : 3 - 6 Pa·s @ 25 °C (77 °F)

Kinematic : No data available

9.2. Other information
No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Stable under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability
The product is stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
No specific data.

10.5. Incompatible materials
No specific data.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

#### 11.1. Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>17,100 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-Propanol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3,739 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5 hr</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>13,536 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(2-propylheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>500 - 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol, 1-butoxy</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat-female</td>
<td>&gt; 2,124 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat-male</td>
<td>&gt; 2,612 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 3,412 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>3,100 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diacetone Alcohol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2,520 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>13,500 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid Epoxy Resin (Proprietary)</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:** Not available
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

11.2. Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.</td>
<td>Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) OTS 798.4470 Acute Dermal Irritation</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>24 hrs</td>
<td>72 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin -</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>5.75</td>
<td>24 hrs</td>
<td>72 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>eyes - Cornea opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1-24 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diacetone Alcohol</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>24 hrs</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>24 hrs</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available
Eyes : Not available
Respiratory : Not available

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available
Respiratory : Not available

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Reproductive toxicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available

11.3. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-Propanol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.- (2- propylethyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol, 1-butoxy</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diacetone Alcohol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Not available

Aspiration hazard: Not available

Information on likely routes of exposure: Not available

11.4. Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.5. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation: No specific data.
Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion: No specific data.

11.6. Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

**Short term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: Not available
- Potential delayed effects: Not available

**Long term exposure**
- Potential immediate effects: Not available
- Potential delayed effects: Not available

**Potential chronic health effects**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available

**General**: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>20,247.2 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkoxy)methyl] derivs.</td>
<td>Acute LC50 &gt; 1.8 g/l - 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test</td>
<td>Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fish - Bluegill</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogPow</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxirane, Mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] Derivs.</td>
<td>3.77</td>
<td>160 - 263 160.00</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propanol, 1-butoxy</td>
<td>1.15</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diacetone Alcohol</td>
<td>-0.14 - 1.03</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2. Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC): Not available

12.5. Other adverse effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

SECTION 14: Transport information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

14.1. International transport regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulatory information</th>
<th>UN/NA number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Classes/*PG</th>
<th>Reportable Quantity (RQ)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CFR</td>
<td>Non-regulated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TDG</td>
<td>Non-regulated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMO/IMDG</td>
<td>Non-regulated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA (Cargo)</td>
<td>Non-regulated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*PG : Packing group

14.2. Special precautions for user:

Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations:

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None required.
United States - TSCA 5a2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5a2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
SARA 311/312 Classification - Immediate (acute) health hazard

California Prop. 65:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer., WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Trade Secret: The claim for trade secret has been filed in Canada under HMIRC.

15.2. International regulations

International lists:

Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
Canada inventory: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
Japan inventory: Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.

15.3. Additional information:

One or more components have been granted exemption status for the Chinese Inventory (IECSC). Volume and validity restrictions may apply. Check with supplier for update.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes: Not applicable
Revision date: Not applicable

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.)

Health: 2
Flammability: 1
Physical hazards: 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA).

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.
Endurable Concrete Armor-Component 1
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.